1	COMMUNITY COMMISSION for PUBLIC SAFETY And ACCOUNTABILITY	
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3	May 30th, 2024 6:30 p.m.	
4	1145 West Wilson Avenue Harry S. Truman College	
5	Chicago, Illinois	
6	PRESENT:	
7	MR. ANTHONY DRIVER, President;	
8	MS. REMEL TERRY, Vice President; MS. YVETTE LOIZON, Commission member;	
9	MS. BETH BROWN, Commission member; MR. ADAM GROSS, Executive Director;	
10	MR. ISAAC TRONCOSO, Commission member; MR. OSWALDO GOMEZ, Commission member.	
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PRESIDENT DRIVER: Hi, everyone. The May 1 2 30th, 2024, meeting of the Community Commission of Public Safety, and I should say last meeting of the Interim Commission, is called to order at 4 5 6:32 p.m. We will begin by calling the roll 6 to establish a quorum. 7 Commissioner Brown. 8 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Present. 9 PRESIDENT DRIVER: Gomez. 10 COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: 11 Present. PRESIDENT DRIVER: Commissioner Loizon. 12 Commissioner Nellis? 13 Commissioner Terry. 14 COMMISSIONER TERRY: Present. 15 PR3ESIDENT DRIVER: Commissioner Troncoso. 16 17 COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: Present. PRESIDENT DRIVER: With five out of seven 18 members of the Community Commission for Public 19 Safety and Accountability present, we have a 20 quorum, and we can conduct the Commission's 21 business. 22 The next item of business is public 23 If you would like to share something 24 comment.

related to the Commission's work on public safety and accountability, you have a few options. You can speak at a public meeting. You can also submit public comments in writing by emailing your comment to

CommunityCommissionPublicComment@CityofChicago.

org. Or you can bring a copy of your comment to one of the Commission's public meetings and give

Commission staff.

People who wanted to speak during the public comment period tonight were asked to submit their names in writing earlier tonight.

Names were drawn at random by a member of the Commission staff. Speakers will be called in the order in which their name was drawn.

it to someone on the Commission or someone on the

If your name is called to offer public comment, we ask that you approach the microphone and line up in the order in which your name is called. If you cannot approach -- we -- if you for some reason cannot come to the microphone, make someone aware of it, and we will bring the microphone to you. When it is your turn to speak, please say and spell your name for

the record. Each speaker will have two minutes. We've allotted a total of 20 minutes for public comment.

Our first speaker is Amy Thompson.

MS. THOMPSON: Hi. Good evening,

Commissioner. My name is Amy Thompson. A-M-Y

T-H-O-M-P-S-O-N. I am staff counsel for Impact

for Equity and a member of the Freedom 2Move

Coalition.

I'm here today to implore the Commission to act on traffic stops. As it's been repeated time again, CPD makes far too many traffic stops each year. These pretextual stops target black and brown drivers in neighborhoods, and the data show they aren't keeping our communities or roads any safer.

Announced earlier this month, the parties to the CPD consent decree are considering adding traffic stops to the consent decree requirements; however, if they did so, the Community Commission will be barred from using its power to make traffic stop policy.

The traffic stops are an issue that the Community Commission is perfectly positioned

to take on.

Traffic stops are one of the best common ways police interact with civilians, so we must have a community-driven solution to address them.

Creating community-shaped policy is what the Commission was made for.

CPD's traffic stop strategy treats black and brown drivers as mere targets for criminal investigation, which further erodes the already fragmented trust between communities and police. Addressing that crisis of trust is what the Commission was made for.

Traffic stops result in thousands of personnel spent on pure fishing expeditions.

Addressing insufficient uses of resource is what the Commission was made for. We need you to show us and the Consent Decree parties that you are serious about addressing this urgent problem.

Although the Commission is in transition,

President Driver and Vice President Terry were reappointed, and there are things you can do now, set a hearing on traffic stops for the July meeting, meet with the Freedom 2Move Coalition to

talk through the details of our policy proposal, show up to the Consent Decree hearing on June 11th, state your position, set up community meetings to brainstorm solutions, talk to national experts or other jurisdictions about best practices.

The new Commission has been confirmed, and the first meeting will be here in no time. You can and must start preparing to address traffic stops now.

And no matter who does end up addressing traffic stops, the Commission cannot neglect its duty to be the community's voice and power broker in the City's public safety system. Thanks.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you.

Our next speaker will be Jay, followed by Jeff Tischauser.

MR. JAY: Hello. I'm Jay, J-A-Y. I wanted to say that I found this Interim Commission to be disappointing in the lack of expansiveness that it's taken with its mandate and with the very serious work of this Commission to keep communities safe and to work towards creating

greater safety in an equitable way for everyone in our City.

I've seen that you all recently had spoken about increases in transparency with -- within CPD. There was an email which went out today. So while you can clearly put together a few hundred words about internal policy changes, which may be very immaterial to what's happening on the ground in the most impacted and preyed upon communities in our City, I would hope that you would be able to put a few hundred words together about the violence that's occurring against people that use drugs and people that sell drugs.

I hope that you can put a few hundred words together about the violence that happens against sex workers. That should be what you're doing.

I've told this Commission

previously that District Counselors, your

coworkers who are lawyers have said that you all

have a broad remit and purview to address the

issues of this City. And I have repeatedly heard

this Commission at various venues try to either

explicitly or implicitly try to say how little power they have, how narrow their purview is, and this has been extremely disappointing. I hope you all do better.

For those that will not be continuing on with the Commission, you need to stay involved with these processes. Don't just leave.

MR. TISCHAUSER: Hello. My name is Jeff
Tischauser. T, as in Tom, i-s-c-h-a-u-s-e-r. I
work for the Southern Poverty Law Center, and I
am a City resident.

So what is really the point of transparency without accountability? I mean we might learn how poorly BIA conducts its investigations, which is what we've learned when they released their reports on their look into the Oath Keepers or the nine cops who are accused — they weren't accused. They admitted it. They admitted it, right. So what's the point of transparency if we can't get accountability? If we can't get CPD, Superintendent Snelling, your guy, to enforce the policies that you created through a democratic process, right?

I saw all of you go to communities, go to the FOP, go to the PBA, go to the brass. Everybody had their input on this policy. And what did Superintendent Snelling do? He just says, Oh, that's a great investigation. Everyone was talked to.

The average time of BIA's investigation -- interviews are 30 minutes. One person was only interviewed for 17 minutes. That is not thorough.

Thank for the white shirts. This is a problem for y'all too. Oath Keepers, Proud Boys, Three Percenters are coming after your profession.

They are coming after your institution. They're not just trying to attack and target communities.

They are trying to decrease trust between communities and y'all. So you should be up outspoken and demand everyone a public hearing.

We need to hear from folks in BIA and the CPD on this issue. Thank for your time.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Next two speakers are Michael Harrington. Followed by that, Tiwon Sims and Lee Bielecki.

MR. HARRINGTON: Good evening, Commissioners.

My name is Michael Harrington,

H-A-R-R-I-N-G-T-O-N. I'm cochair of Network 49,

a membership-based Rogers Park community

organization in Chicago's 49th Ward. I also

serve as a member of the ECPS Coalition comprised

of the Chicago civic and community organizations

that help draft and win passage of the empowering

communities for public safety ordinance which

created this Commission.

As your term as Community

Commission for Public Safety and Accountability

comes to an end, ECPS Coalition wishes to express

our appreciation for your dedicated service and

invaluable contributions to the betterment of our

community.

Through your tireless efforts, many of you have you helped bridge the gap between police officers and the residents they serve, fostering mutual trust and understanding.

Your dedication to strengthening the police accountability system and empowering Chicagoans to play a meaningful role in oversight has been instrumental in promoting transparency

and fairness within our public safety framework.

Of course, there's more to be done.

Moreover, your willingness to explore and champion alternative approaches to public safety has paved the way for innovative solutions to prioritize the well-being and safety of all Chicago members.

As the transition from your role as commissioner, your continued support of the incoming commissioners will be invaluable as they navigate the complexities of their roles and strive to hold principles of accountability, transparency, and community engagement that you have championed so well.

We wish you all the best in your future endeavors and may your journey ahead be filled with continued success and fulfillment.

On behalf of the ECPS Coalition, I thank you all for your service to Chicago.

MR. BIELECKI: Good evening, members of the interim council. First and foremost, I want to say thank you for your devotion to the City and the Commission.

I would like to personally thank

Commissioners Driver, Terry, and Loizon. It has been clear from all the public monthly meetings and other meetings that you have been at the forefront of engaging with both the communities and the police command staff to make a positive impact of collaboration.

Unfortunately, however, on May 22nd, prior to the City Council meeting, field secretary Frank Chapman for the Chicago Alliance against Racism and Political Repression apparently does not like the way the process has gone, and along with so-called progressive alders, introduced the referendum to change the process in a way that is not fair and equitable to all Chicagoans.

While marginalized communities are most affected by the violence that occurs, over 300 victims in the last 12 months, none of their changes hold the real enemy that causes true harm and trauma to those communities, the street gangs.

Perhaps these alders need to focus on safety and collaboration in their own communities.

The cancellation of the Cinco de

Mayo parade as a result of gang activity was

shameful and disrespectful to the good citizens

of that community. Rather, they focus on police

accountability. Police accountability is

important. But, again, they ignore the criminal

element in their own communities.

The last two weekends were especially violent in Chicago with more children as victims, a five-year old on the west side.

I will contact alders that I know and encourage them to defeat this referendum as it is written.

And while I have a few seconds left on the subject of traffic stops. Between January 1st, 2022, and May 4th of 2024, Chicago Police have recovered almost 10,000 guns. That's public safety.

MR. SIMS: Congratulations. However, let's say, is this going to be like COPA, Kersten's crew? Because if it is, there's no accountability. Even though he wants to speak against it.

I think that the most important

thing in policing is accountability, especially right now. Getting a bunch of young people coming in. I've been dealing with them. It's the worst. I thought old school dudes were about foolery, but this is too much.

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And if y'all are not standing on them holding them accountable, they will keep they foot on our necks.

And street gangs, I don't know what street gangs. They took Larry down. So these cliques that they dealing with. But that's the least of it. The policing is a gang now. We got a gang. We got a gang of people that got qualified immunity. They got the FOH, whatever it is, lawyers, a ton of resources behind them for them to come d*** us around. And if they not being held accountable, then we don't need this Commission, because we don't need COPA either, because I'm still dealing with the fact that in 2020, I was attacked by two thugs, whatever y'all want to call it. They were thugs dressed up, masquerading as policemen, trying to bully me in my neighborhood. I'm from this part of town. did everything in this part of town. I'm one of

the people you don't want to deal with in this 1 2 part of town. I'm one of the people you don't want to deal with, period. And I won't be 3 bullied, not by people dressed up like police, 4 5 not by lawyers, not by people that sneaking around. I won't, because when I find out who 6 doing it, I promise you, I will stand on it. 7 It is me. It's the way I was 8 They put me in hell when I was a 9 brought up. kid, illegal copping. They don't want to be held 10 accountable. That's ridiculous. 11 12 So if it's going to be like that, then we don't need it. But congratulations. 13 Congratulations. Great team assembled. 14 Congratulations. 15 16 PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you. 17 Our next speakers, three and final speakers, are Alma Kreuser, Charlie Isaacs, and 18 David Orlikoff. 19 MS. KREUSER: Hi. I'm Alma Kreuser. A-L-M-A20 K-R-E-U-S-E-R. I just want to say that since 21 22 this whole thing started, the CCPSA and then District Councils, I haven't seen any positive

effect from this. All I see is the increase in

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crime. All I see is -- to continue attacking police. Police aren't perfect by no means, but they're the ones getting attacked. They are the ones that have to do a job. Or they're trying to. But now they choose not to. Now they choose not to chase. Why? Because somebody may get hurt. But maybe instead of spending the money on changing street signs, changing statutes, how about spend money -- let's tell it to the mayor and governor -- to maybe use that money to change the infracture. Use flashing lights to alert people, you know, there's some activity in the streets. But instead, we go after our police. And the crime has increased. Gangs know it. The juveniles know it. They can get away with murder, and we have to sit back and be home by 10:00 or earlier, because we don't want to get mugged.

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And the gentleman said, they are a bunch of thugs. And that's what it is. And that's unfortunate. And they get to roam the streets. They get to live their life while we have to stay at home. That's not fair by no means.

MR. ORLIKOFF: Hi. David Orlikoff. I'm a District Counselor in Humboldt Park in the 14th District.

Thank you for your service, interim council, and congratulations to the new council.

Two points I'd like to reiterate.

Pretextual traffic stops, you know, it's a huge
waste of police resources, public safety that's
sorely needed in the City.

The OIG, Inspector General, has reported that the police are not showing up to over half of 911 calls, and this includes the most serious calls, shots fired calls that they receive that they do not respond to routinely.

Resources is not the problem.

Again, reported by the OIG, this is a choice that they are engaging in traffic stops. Even the specialized tactical teams are pulling people over for seat belt violations that has no public safety implication whatsoever and killing them as a result. 96 shots.

So those resources need to go to community needs and not police running rampantly like cowboys in Judge Dredd.

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Next, about the BIA. Not unrelated, but we have this investigation into hate crime association, a number of officer known to be members of the Proud Boys and Oath Keepers, and BIA found no wrongdoing, which is, you know, a joke, but it's not very funny.

We, of course, knew that BIA could not be trusted to handle these investigations, and they have proven that, despite insisting that they be given this authority. It is clear that they cannot have this jurisdiction. So transparency is good, but we had transparency for this case, and what we saw was shocking. They did no investigations. All they had was sit-down interviews, and they asked outside agencies to do the investigation for them after fighting for that jurisdiction. Agencies that then didn't have the jurisdiction to carry out the investigation.

They reached out to a random news agency, but not the actual ADL or an SPLC that did the actual investigation and uncovered it. So it is shocking and laughable. There was no investigation. The police can't be trusted to

police themselves. All bigotry must be investigated by COPA and not by BIA. It's absurd. Thank you.

MS. NOEL: Hey, everybody. Well, you know, you did the best you could do considering, right? So congratulations on being, right? And I look forward to the permanent folk. I actually went to Thomas Wortham the Third's funeral, and so I'm glad to see his sister is on.

I just want to let everybody know that Lori Lightfoot agreed to call the campus of the -- what is that big ugly thing on the west side? The police academy was supposed to be named after Thomas Wortham the Third, the one that was killed. Anyway, just wanted to put that on record.

As far as the Consent Decree, Women All Points Bulletin, along with a lot of other community groups, are the coalition, so when you speak to the Consent Decree and make it sound as if the Consent Decree isn't representing the community, that's an error. The community is the reason why there's a Consent Decree.

And I just want to make it very

clear that we believe traffic stops should be under the federal government. Okay. A federal judge should oversee them. So, you know, maybe this is a conversation that the Consent Decree team needs to have with the CCPSA. I'm open for that. But, you know, understand that we're not going to have a conversation where we're teaching you about traffic stops, right. You come into the room knowing what we have to do. We have to get policy in place. This is where the rubber meets the road. Almost everything pops off at traffic stops. It is the most important thing that we could ever possibly do in order to make change -- transformative change in Chicago with the police. Okay. Thanks.

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MR. ISAACS: I guess that's me. I'll close it out. Charlie Isaacs. I am the assistant director for CCPSA. I generally don't think it's good form for a staff to be giving public comment, but since this is the last meeting of the Interim Commission and somebody twisted my arm to do it, I thought I'd do it anyways.

This is your last meeting. I was here for your first meeting ever, before I even

knew I'd be working for you all. And I just want to say, it's been an absolute privilege working for each and every single one of you. I hope that tonight you go to sleep knowing that you've made a difference in our City. You guys really changed things.

A lot of changes you've done won't be felt for years and years to come. But you have changed Chicago, and you have changed lives. I believe you saved lives with the work you've been doing.

It really is a privilege to work for you all. And I hope that for those of you who are not going to be on the Commission anymore, go on and do great and better, wonderful things.

Looking forward to continuing the work with Remel and Anthony.

Also, while I'm here, just raise your hand if you are a staffer for this interim Commission. And raise your hand if you are a DC. Thank so much for all of your service, too. And can't wait to keep on working with you all in the years forward with the new Commission.

I think I'd like to just welcome the room, if you're so willing, to give a round of applause to our Interim Commission.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: We've reached the end of our public comment period. Thank you again to all of our speakers. We value your input.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

Next order of business is approval of minutes. Before today's meetings, draft minutes of the Commission's meeting held on April 25th, 2024, were shared with all Commissioners. Are there any corrections to the draft minutes that have been circulated? If there are no corrections, I will move to approve the minutes of the Commission meeting on April 25th, 2024. Somebody please second.

COMMISSIONER TERRY: Second.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: I have moved to approve the minutes of the Commission's meeting on April 25th, and Commissioner Terry has seconded. Is there any debate on the motion? Hearing none, we will now move to vote.

Those in favor of adopting the motion to approve the minutes of the Commission's

meeting held on October 25th, please signify by saying aye.

(CHORUS OF AYES.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Are there any nays?

(NO RESPONSE.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: The ayes have it, and the motion carries. The minutes are approved.

The next order of business is vote to amend our bylaws. The CCPSA ordinance establishes the Commission's responsibility to create certain operational policies and procedures. The Commission has established bylaws that are posted on our website.

Today, I will present the amendment to the bylaws which the Commission received ahead of this meeting. This amendment does two things; the first is that it allows for the first permanent Commission after the Interim Commission to both nominate and elect a president and vice president of the Commission at their first public meeting. This amendment allows for the new Commission to engage in work immediately. This amendment is not a mandate, rather it just provides them an option to use at their

discretion.

The second change that this amendment makes is it provides the timetable for selection of the Non-Citizen Advisory Council.

Currently, the bylaws provide detail about how the NAC is selected, but the timetable by which they will be reconsidered is not addressed.

By providing a timetable for both the consideration and reconsideration of the NAC, we hope to provide future Commissions with the flexibility they will need in selecting a NAC that aligns with their missions and goals.

Are there any questions on the amendment? Any questions or discussions on this amendment?

(NO RESPONSE.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Seeing no further questions, in accordance -- and, also,

Commissioner Loizon is here, so six out of seven members are present for a quorum. Seeing no further questions, in accordance with MCC 2-8-040(u), I move to adopt the proposed amendment to the bylaws.

VICE PRESENT TERRY: Second. 1 PRESIDENT DRIVER: I moved to adopt the amendment to the bylaws, and Commissioner Terry 3 has seconded. Any debate on the motion? 4 5 (NO RESPONSE.) 6 PRESIDENT DRIVER: Hearing none, we will now move to vote. 7 Those in favor of adopting the 8 proposed bylaws, please signify by saying aye. 9 (CHORUS OF AYES.) 10 PRESIDENT DRIVER: Are there any nays? 11 (NO RESPONSE.) 12 PRESIDENT DRIVER: The ayes have it and the 13 motion carries. 14 Our next order of business will be 15 16 new business. We will begin with a presentation 17 by Chief of the Bureau of Detectives, Antoinette Ursitti. 18 CHIEF URSITTI: Good evening, everyone. Can 19 you hear me okay? Great. Thank you. 20 I'm Antoinette Ursitti, Chief of 21 22 the Bureau of Detectives, and I first want to thank everybody who's on here tonight, those who 23 shared comments, those who are on the Commission 24

here and inviting me with the opportunity to speak a little bit about the Bureau of Detectives and the work that we do investigating all sorts of crimes that includes felonies, misdemeanors, we do special investigations, we will look at major accidents, arsons, missing persons. We are tasked with a large amount of responsibility to thoroughly and completely ensure that any report that is made to the Chicago Police Department is followed up on and investigated. So the most important part of our bureau is ensuring accountability when there is a perpetrator who commits an offense against someone in the community.

I think the most obvious metric for that that often is spoken about are clearance rates -- is clearance rates. And I'm going to talk a little bit tonight about what we have done to put in several strategies to increase our clearance rates.

But I also want to talk that beyond the measure of clearance rates, what is also a priority for us in our bureau is how we are investigating these crimes, how we are

communicating with victims and families, and how we are ensuring that there are support services that are provided for those who have experienced a crime.

So before I start speaking about some of the strategies that we are working on now, I want to give a little bit of an overview that back in 2019, our Department sought technical assistance to evaluate our processes for investigating homicides and non-fatal shootings and looking at ways that we can enhance what we were doing.

There were a number of recommendations that were issued to us in a report from the police executive research forum, and that we acted upon quickly.

Some of you may be familiar that some time ago, we had three areas that divided all of the police districts throughout the City and the services that were provided, and in line with that were three detective areas. One of the first things we did was increase it back to five areas to increase the time with which our detectives can respond to the scene in order to

canvass, identify witnesses, preserve, and collect evidence, and that was a really important first step in putting in these recommendations.

One of the other things that we followed up on was increasing the number of area technology centers that we have in our department. This is a dedicated group of personnel out of each of these centers that are trained to identify, collect, preserve and analyze digital evidence that has now become very fundamental in any sort of investigation where we're looking to present charges.

So having these trained personnel within each area who can go out immediately and collect this type of evidence has really gone a long way helping us with our investigations.

We also added a number of personnel.

One of the first things we did was add what we call our Homicide Investigative Support Team.

These are dedicated personnel that once our detectives have identified or have developed information that has led to a suspect that we will be taking into custody, they are able to respond and to locate this individual so that we

can present charges and hold that person accountable.

We also added digital and criminal intelligence analysts. These are civilian personnel who are trained to help synthesize the overwhelming amount of information that we can collect in an investigation and to provide that in an actionable report for our detectives to follow up on.

One of the other key recommendations that came out of that report is one that we were finally able to implement in January of this year, and that was the implementation of dedicated homicide teams within each of the areas.

One of the key goals of having these homicide teams and the infrastructure that's in place with it is it increases the time for detectives between the assignment of a new investigation and the next one that they're going to investigate.

That leads to better coordination and better communication with victims and the witnesses in these cases, as well as provides

them the opportunity to coordinate with all sorts of the partners that you need to when following up who have a schedule that sometimes hasn't always matched with the schedule that our detectives have.

What the schedule also does is allow our detectives to respond as the first investigator on the scene. Depending on when a homicide may have occurred, there may have been other preliminary investigators who responded to take the initial documentation and follow-up that these detectives on, again as I shared, a traditional watch where they would do the follow-up that's necessary with other partners.

That now with this structure, they are able to immediately respond to the scene, and they own that case, and there's grater accountability for the outcomes that they have with every case they are assigned.

So with this structure, it looks like in the course of one week, we have a team that is on call. And whenever there is a homicide that is assigned, that occurs at that time, that will be the team that responds out and

owns that case.

Then for the following five weeks, what they are able to do is to handle all of the cases that they were assigned in that week, as well as any other ones that they are working to develop their intelligence on.

When we launched this team back in — or this structure back in January, one of the most important things we felt is that we had the most qualified and skilled personnel for this really important role. So we implemented a process where we were able to conduct interviews and look at their prior work, and these are all members who expressed an interest in being in this particular role. And at the end of our interviews and at the start of this program, we were able to increase the number of homicide detectives that we had by 10 percent.

In addition to these homicide teams and this structure, some of the other things that we've done this year is add personnel. So I want to highlight that we have made a commitment to increasing the number of detectives that we can have in our Department. So we increased that

number by 200, and we have trained within the past year 120 detectives. And what this does is ensure that every area that we have in our division for crime, so that can look like robberies, special victims and crimes that involve domestic violence and sexual assaults, that every one of those have a sufficient number of detectives who are trained to handle those investigations, while we work to increase the number of homicide detectives that we have.

We also have established a position that's the deputy director of prosecutorial strategies. This is going to be somebody who develops our partnerships with federal, state, and local partners, especially with prosecutors, so that we can have the types of strong partnerships that are necessary when we present cases.

We've also added five licensed attorney positions. That means that every detective division area will have an attorney who is going to help them collect and present the evidence that we need to have a strong case that can be approved for charges and prosecution.

And then one of the last things I want to highlight is that actually tomorrow -we're very pleased about this -- we have a class
of 19 latent fingerprint examiners who have gone
through a rigorous 20-week training to be skilled
enough to evaluate evidence where we were able to
collect fingerprint evidence, and that is also
going to help us with the cases that we present.

One of the other recommendations that came out of this PERF report was how we could increase our non-fatal shooting clearances.

What we know is that just because it is not classified as a homicide, there were a number of reasons, thankfully, that that person — their life was spared, and that they are here today, but we know that somebody who is willing to shoot somebody may in the future be willing to kill somebody.

We want to make sure that we are having accountability for anything who commits that type of crime.

One of the things that we launched this year in March is what we call Crime Gun Intelligence Center. This is a collaborative

partnership led by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, as well as CPD, and it's bringing together 13 different agencies to timely and accurately analyze ballistic evidence that is collected from crime scenes. What this means is that when we have our evidence technicians who respond to any type of a shooting incident, they oftentimes would recover fired cartridge casings. Very much like fingerprints that have unique identifiers for individual, those casings have unique identifiers that can help us link that evidence to other shootings that may have occurred and help us connect it to a firearm that's responsible for that.

By being able to now after receiving technical assistance streamline our process for submitting those firearm cartridge casings into NIBIN, that's the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network, what happens is, when we do that within 24 hours, that next day what we get back is information that helps us link it to the different scenes and individuals who may be linked to those other scenes.

By having all of our partners

together within this Crime Gun Intelligence
Center, they are then able on a daily basis to
review that information, make a determination for
follow-up, and identify ultimately the most
prolific perpetrators of gun violence in the City
of Chicago so that we can take them into custody
and work with our state and federal prosecutors
who are also embedded in this Crime Gun
Intelligence Center and meeting with us daily.

I also want to talk about a number of initiatives that have been in place for some time, but that we strengthened within the past year and that's our Family Liaison Office. This is a dedicated team of 23 detectives and officers who work across all five areas in the aftermath of a homicide to engage with the family members who have survived the death of their loved one.

They provide practical and compassionate support, ensuring that resources are offered, and they understand the earliest steps of what is going to happen in the aftermath of the death of their loved one.

They often make contact within five days, but they go a step further by ensuring that

there are regular engagements that are scheduled so that we are able to bring together others who haven't gone through similar trauma, and bring them together to empower each other through what they are facing in a number of events.

There's a few events that I will just highlight right now. The past two years we've done an annual luncheon where we honor the memory of the loved ones who have passed away. And this year is the first year that we've held the National Crime Victim Rights Week event across the City in each area. So we were able to bring together a number of survivors to have a candlelight vigil, a peace walk, a blood drive, a resource fair, and to make sure that more than just in the aftermath of the incident, that we are continuing to engage and support them and provide them information about the investigation.

Some of the next steps that we're doing with the Family Liaison Office is, one, making sure we have a dedicated online presence, so that anybody in the community knows how to reach out to that office and make a connection.

We are working with UIC to develop a

guide for families to homicide investigations.

Working with UIC that's previously conducted a

number of interviews, we've learned from our own

experience some of the most frequently asked

questions that families have, and we want to make

sure that that information is available to them,

7 | especially in the aftermath of an incident.

We're also working to make sure that in all of our training for the homicide investigators -- and they do receive regular training, 40 hours for their role -- we're integrating family panels of survivors so that their experience can be part of what our detectives take into their investigations.

And the last thing I will mention with what our Family Liaison Office is doing is revitalizing what we call our unsolved case program. We work very closely with Chicago Survivors and many of our surviving families do as well, and they may feel comfortable coming to meet with the detectives with the Chicago Survivors team to understand the direction that the investigation is going. So we're working with Chicago Survivors on that.

I'd like to shift away from talking about homicides and shooting incidents and talking about other types violent crimes that traumatize our community members.

I'm sure many of you have seen in the news what's happening with robberies throughout the City. And there are a number of systems we have taken to work across the bureaus and CPD to make sure we are providing the most comprehensive response to the trends we are seeing.

One of the things we recently announced were four pillars that we have in place that's driving this work.

The first thing that this comes back to is technology. I mentioned earlier our area technology center, but it's really important to understand that many investigations now when we're presenting cases, digital and video evidence is key when we're presenting our cases to get charges. What we're doing is making sure that we have this type of technology streamlined; that we have people who are trained to use it, and to gather information for our investigations.

And by bringing that together, what we're doing with our detectives is making sure that we are trying to focus these investigations, especially when we're seeing patterns. By developing these patterns, we're able to put our resources around them and to put them in the right place in the right time to be responsive, but we're also able to develop and issue community alerts, and that's a very important part of our public engagement strategy, to make sure that the community understands where these crimes are happening and what we are doing.

We've also done a number of other initiatives, such as coordinating vehicle safety days.

May 4th, we held an event at U.S.

Cellular where we had Hyundai and Kia there to help implement antitheft devices in these vehicles, which is one of the reasons that we see those vehicles have been stolen and used in other crimes, and it's been really important to bring the community in to solving the problem in that way.

Last thing I want to mention in

regards to robberies is, again, the importance of accountability. We have developed a robbery task force. These are members from detectives, as well as from patrol and counterterrorism, who are not only developing the intelligence that are driving the missions that are being operated, but they are maintaining regular contact with the State's Attorney's Office. So that is when we're presenting these cases, again, we have the type of back and forth updates regarding our cases that enables us to move the case forward for charging.

With criminal sexual assaults, which is another very devastating crime that happens to victims, there's a number of initiatives that we are doing there.

We in the Chicago Police Department in our bureau, our DNA analysis unit is working with ISP Forensics Lab and the Cook County State's Attorney's Office to identify cases and evaluate them for any evidence that may be submitted under new technology.

So, for example, we may find through genealogy that if we submit a sample from

something that we had, and we were not able to have any kind of identification off of it before, that developments that have now happened we may be able to identify and tender and hold them accountable.

We've also been working with our partners in the hospitals. I'm not sure if anybody is familiar with the position of SANE, sexual assault nurse examiner. But we did hold an event back in April where we called 70 SANE personnel down with our detectives and our officers to build that relationship about how we can have compassionate and trauma-informed investigations that are better coordinated.

And then the last thing I will mention is that our detectives across all five areas are part of -- even though it's out of the Illinois Medical District -- the Sexual Assault Response Team, and this is led and spearheaded by Rush Hospital. And, again, this is a dedicated effort to make sure that we are better coordinating our resources in the aftermath of sexual assault.

With hate crimes, one of our

comments for this year is ensuring that all of our detectives receive an eight-hour course on hate crime investigations that is developed specifically for investigators.

One of the things we see often is that the hate crime training we offer is geared towards preliminary response by officers, which is key, because that is when they're documenting what happened and collect the evidence, but we want to make sure that our detectives have training for where they are with their role.

I want to speak a little bit about domestic violence and some of the work that we are doing there.

One of the developments we've done in the past few months is develop a dashboard that has helped us to identify individuals who have repeatedly suffered domestic violence that's been documented, and to better coordinate our outreach to them, and to move forward with trying to get accountability for the individual who has been victimizing them. This has been bringing our detectives together with the Office of Community Policing and our Crime Victim Services

Unit, to make sure that we're supporting our victims and getting them the resources that they need.

We're also part of a consortium out of the University of Chicago that is specifically designed for child abuse cases. It offers regular training to our detectives in our special victims unit. Those are the detectives who are regularly tasked with investigating crimes against children. And in addition to that training, we hold regular meetings so that we can ensure that, again, like we talked about with some of these other crimes, especially crimes that intersect with hospitals, that we are better coordinating our communication strategy and doing so in a trauma-informed way.

One of the last things I will mention is that we are working with the Chicago Children's Advocacy Center on the development of an initiative called CAN Hope. That's based on the family justice model that tries to locate resources for those who are experienced in domestic violence, as well as survivors of human trafficking and sexual assault.

And then I want to close -- I appreciate everybody's time and attention.

Obviously, I feel that there's so many different areas, that we want to ensure that everybody understands every one of these crimes that I'm talking about has a person who is suffering because of it. And while we often focus our attention on homicides and shootings, and understandably, that I really want to make sure everybody understands there are a lot of people who have experienced something that deserves and requires that type of follow-up and accountability.

So I want to shift and close with missing persons investigations, which in and of itself may not be a crime, but it may intersect with the reason for the disappearance that may be criminal. And so we want to make sure the earliest point that a missing person is reported to us, that we are taking the proper steps to move forward with that.

Out of our bureau, we are regularly participating in the Missing Murdered Women Task Force. In the last two meetings prior to today,

we presented to the group and taken questions from the group and shared a little bit about procedures and continue to show up at these meetings so that we can get input from participants about how we can improve what we're doing.

We've also coordinated and participated with in the Medical Examiner's Office on their initiatives, including in April we had a missing persons day where we were able to be on hand for anybody who wanted to come to report a loved one missing, to be able to enter the DNA of a loved one into the system, and to make sure that they are having follow-up on a missing person.

Again, as many of you understand, these investigations can take time, and we want to make sure that there are a number of resources and contacts that are in place for anybody who is experiencing that.

Out of our bureau, we are also expanding deflection by implementing and revitalizing an initiative in which we try to coordinate services for families, where there's a

young person who is repeatedly reported as missing or that's been missing for more than 30 days. And the last thing that we are doing out of our bureau is coordinating and aligning our resources in a very similar manner that we do oftentimes with some of our older investigations where we've been limited in the evidence that we have and move a case forward; that we want to have a systematic approach in place, so that we are regularly evaluating what we do have, and seeing if any developments in advancements that are placed with technology or partnerships can allow us to move that investigation forward.

So I know it was a lot. I appreciate everybody's attention. And I'm not sure if we turn it back to you or we take questions now.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Are there any questions from any Commissioners?

Thank you. Also, before we ask this question, we'd just like to thank you. I appreciate it personally, the collaboration, especially during the goals and process, as we, you know, went through this process and added a

specific goal, investigation specifically. I found this in the conversation we've had to be extremely helpful and hope that these new initiatives yield good results.

CHIEF URSITTI: Thank you very much.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Don't leave yet. Sorry.

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: Chief Ursitti, thank you so much for coming. I think we all know the huge importance of your bureau and appreciate you coming here to answer our questions.

I think, you know, one area that I have a lot of questions about is really the partnership between the Bureau of Detectives and victim services.

I've noticed in my work outside the Commission working with victims that oftentimes in cases of violent crimes, such as aggravated battery, assaults, there can be cases where, you know, you become a victim, you will submit a police report, you will get your report number, you will interact with the detective, you may never be connected to a victim services coordinator, and the detective will, de facto, have to take on that role for the victim, and the

detective cannot be -- might not be fully equipped to take on basically an additional job.

I'm sure they don't have the time or the training necessarily to do that.

Can you talk about how we can improve the partnership between the Bureau of Detectives and victim services?

CHIEF URSITTI: Sure. I appreciate the question and sharing a little bit about what you're saying.

You know, one of the things I do want to say, we agree, and I think the dialogue is increasing, about how we're trying to take responsibilities that are better served by trained professionals with the type of background for what we may be seeing and put that over into their hands. Again, we are incredibly fortunate in an agency of our size, one of the things we did this past year was to make an investment into the budget that is going to allow us to add not only the number of crime victim advocates we have, but increase the number of domestic violence advocates to make sure there is one that is serving every single district in the City.

And so what we have been doing this past year, in anticipation of this happening, we've been holding regular meetings with the leadership in the office of community policing, and specifically the assistant director who is in the crime victim services section.

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One of the things that we are doing is anticipating the onboarding of new personnel, and we want to be aligned with how we're bringing them on, and that they understand how we work together with the Bureau of Detectives. specifically, as I had mentioned, what we're doing with domestic violence and that work I talked about with the dashboard that we built, that is really important because it does help us identify trends out of both of our areas. And we are meeting regularly to communicate what we're doing and to make sure we are having follow-up, for example, on these domestic violence cases, and, for example, if we have a victim who is working with a detective, that they're having a challenge with obtaining an order of protection or getting some other types of supports that are necessary, we are ensuring that our detectives

are aware of who the liaison is and coordinating to have that communication so that there are no issues with somebody getting to court or going through the process because they don't understand how to do it.

So I think one of the biggest things we can be doing is better coordination and communication. But I think as we grow, we have to make sure that we are keeping a pace with that. And we have clear onboarding protocols so that we actually know how to continue to work together and to lift each other up with whatever each of us is doing.

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: One more question before I pass it on to the other Commissioners. You know, you mentioned the focus on recruiting civilian positions for evidence technicians, things like that. I think that's a hugely important place to focus. Again, anecdotally through my other work, I've noticed places where maybe you might not have personnel to gather enough evidence, witnesses end of moving out of state, might leave, or cameras that have recorded something over the video because people can't get

to it fast enough, so the importance of having those evidence staffers, and I know you mentioned 19 joined recently. I think that's great. I know the numbers are a lot more ambitious than that. What is really the recruitment strategy? That still can be hard to find in the labor force.

CHIEF URSITTI: Yeah, I agree. I think it's one we've given a lot of attention to by talking to other agencies across the country to see what they've been setting as qualifications and expectations for that role and how they've successfully been able to onboard people in those positions.

I do feel I want to clarify, our evidence technicians and these fingerprint -- latent fingerprint examiners do remain sworn.

We've actually increased the budget to allow for an increase in civilians who will be serving in those roles as well. The amount of evidence that we are collecting, we want to ensure that if we are able to collect it from a crime scene, that it is being evaluated. And just like I was describing with our crime intelligence center,

when you are able to link between scenes and crimes and find the most prolific perpetrators of these crimes, it really enables us to do more with prosecutions.

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But in terms of how we're recruiting, we have been regularly posting positions and bringing in individuals who are meeting those qualifications and conducting interviews. But I think the most important thing is -- certainly in our bureau, but I know I am not alone, because we're working across other bureaus. The most important thing we can do is onboard new personnel. I'm sure you maybe have experienced something like that yourselves in maybe a new role or position that you've taken where you are not adequately informed about what your position is and the resources and how to be successful and to advance in it, you're going to lose people. Again, we are looking for a very specialized role, and we want to make sure that as we are bringing those people in, that we are able to not only recruit them, but to retain them. And, ideally, as we built our structure as appropriate, that we give them positions for

career growth, which is another reason why people tend to leave agencies and organizations. So that's one of the ways we're addressing recruitment.

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: Thank you. Appreciate it.

COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: Can I ask a quick follow-up related to that? And this -- by the way, I think this is incredibly helpful. I think the Commission did a lot of work to look at the budget, and you mentioned an increase in budget, civilian positions to support victim services was one of the areas of highest growth in the Police Department's budget, I think something over 86 positions were added in total. And, obviously, budgets are aspirational, and hiring is a lot more complicated than that. But for context for the community members, 136 detective positions were expected during the budget. And according to what Chief Ursitti said here, 120 folks are already in training; is that correct?

CHIEF URSITTI: In the past year, we've trained 120 new detectives. So increased our budget by 100, and we've been able to fill our

vacancies, and we are expecting a class later 1 this year in October. COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: One of the areas that I wasn't clear I got information, and it might have 4 been because I missed it, also related to the 5 technician support. I know that it was something 6 like 24 positions -- or 22 positions were 7 created, and you mentioned 19 of those are 8 already in the process of being hired; is that 9 right? For the technician support and --10 CHIEF URSITTI: You're not talking about 11 crime victim services? 12 COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: I'm about to talk about 13 that. I'm curious to know the numbers for that, 14 but --15 16 CHIEF URSITTI: For our sworn latent 17 fingerprint examiners, 19 will be graduating tomorrow. 18 COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: That's really 19 impressive, considering the goal of 22. 20 And then for the victim services, I 21 22 know the goal was 22, one per each district. CHIEF URSITTI: For domestic violence, yes. 23 COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: I don't know if I missed 24

this. Can you tell us the number of the folks that have already been hired or are expected to be hired for those?

CHIEF URSITTI: I will say that is outside my bureau, so I don't want to misspeak on that information.

I do know they are making sure that every district does have one for domestic, and they are looking at victims that could benefit from some additional support for the types of crimes that they are experiencing.

COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: Thank you. I appreciate that. I understand that it may be hard to speak on it.

One quick question. I know a lot of folks have asked at least me personally. With the missing persons investigation, there's been a lot of attention, especially in the experience of women, especially the trends related to black women. Can you tell us who makes up the members of the task force? What kind of support you guys are looking for? And what are the specific changes in strategy in this demonstration from previous efforts?

CHIEF URSITTI: Sure. And I want to acknowledge that there may have been recent news that you are seeing about something that may be created locally in the City, but what I am talking is actually about a law that has established this level that is led by one of the state senators, and it's bringing together a number of partners from across the state that are filling different roles that are required in that law.

What we have been doing and taking away form, and I think is the most important thing and why conversations like this and different types of engagement we do is, everything that our work is about is driven by policy and procedure, and there's a lot that our Department has done to make sure that it is reflecting best practices. And there does tend to be, I think, a lot of confusion about what that looks like. And so what we've been trying to do -- and we actually came to these task force meetings with representatives from the Cook County Sheriff's Office and from Illinois State Police to talk about our policies. And then it

was a little bit clearer where there is overlap, you know, that there are certain things that are required by law that those are in our policy; that there's no such thing as refusing — that you have to be missing for a certain amount of time before you can make a report. All of these things are in our policy, and we're kind of walking through that and explaining it, because what this task force is trying to get to the bottom is, our agencies all aligned and doing the best practices across the state.

Again, this is not a local task force. This is a statewide task force. But obviously Chicago is the largest municipality. But we've also been meeting with other law enforcement partners to try to walk them through what the law requires of us and what we have found through our research and developing policy to be best practice. Also, to hear their concerns, and we are able to bring that into future policy development.

COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: I have another question.

I need ten seconds to make sure --

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Commissioners, we do have

a lot more to get through.

COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: Okay.

president driver: And, also, if you are going to ask a hire question, there are other people and other mechanisms that the Commission has at its disposal to submit that request for information. Let's try to keep our questions centered on things that are specifically related to the Bureau of Detectives. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: I just have one more question. Thank you, Chief Ursitti, for being here tonight. Do you ever sleep?

CHIEF URSITTI: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: You've implemented a lot of new things, so it's hard to imagine how you have time to sleep.

My question is related to something that I didn't hear you address, and I'm wondering how is equity and investigations addressed in your bureau? And let me tell you what I mean by that.

I think there is a perception in the community that if something were to happen to a white woman on the north side, it would be

investigated very differently than if it happened to a black woman on the south or west side, and so I think there have been concerns in the past about equity in investigations. So what are you doing as chief to ensure that every investigation is equitable?

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I really appreciate CHIEF URSITTI: Sure. your question, and I want to get into specifically in the Bureau, but I want to acknowledge a lot of work that the Department has done, specifically through our Procedural Justice Program. And if people are unfamiliar with this, this has been a three-part training that we've been delivering. We actually work at the forefront of the country with implementing it and training our members on police legitimacy and on how we can have better interactions with the community to give people a voice, to make sure that we are building trustworthiness, and it is just to say that we are every year having 40 hours of training where these concepts are integrated and reinforced, and we are demonstrating it to what we're doing in training.

I do want to say in regards to what

you are sharing as some of the feedback, we understand and we get it. And I think one of our commitments is to try to have better communication with families, because I think when there's a lack of communication, when it looks like an investigation isn't moving forward, it can really increase that sense that it's not being handled the way that it would be handled for somebody else.

You know, one of the challenges that we faced specifically around clearance rates, and when people are looking at clearance rates and getting an impression because some of them may be exceptionally clear-closed for example, there are a number of reasons that are behind that, but when that information is presented, it oftentimes can be represented in a way that those cases were not handled the way we would another case. But what it means when a case is exceptionally clear-closed is the offender who committed that crime may be dead, and we're not able to actually seek charges.

It might look like presenting the case to the State's Attorney's Office and having

the facts revealed that it was a crime that was 1 committed in self-defense or defense of others. We may be putting that case through federally. 3 So sometimes I think when the 4 5 clearance rates are communicated, and we're 6 seeing that some cases have certain closures, it also reinforces that. And we really want to 7 educate -- again, I want to thank everybody who 8 is out here allowing us to talk about what we're 9 doing and some of what we're seeing, because 10 that's where I think that sense and that 11 12 perception can sometimes get magnified when things are communicated differently, when we want 13

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you. We really appreciate you being willing to come and talk to us and take our questions today.

CHIEF URSITTI: Thank you.

to try to communicate the facts.

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(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Our next order of business is reports and updates. And I would like to ask Commissioner Troncoso to provide us with an update on Police Board vacancies.

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: Thank you, President

Driver. We are currently accepting applications for the Chicago Police Board.

The Commission is looking for people from a variety of professions and backgrounds, including law, law enforcement, law enforcement oversight, oversight or police accountability, public policy, social work, psychology, mental health, community engagement, or organizing, or civil rights. An applicant must have at least ten years of documented experience in any of those fields. This can include post-graduate education and experience, and one field can be combined with experience in another field to meet the ten-year minimum requirement.

If you are interested, you can visit our website to fill out an application, or you can talk to one of the Commissioners or member of the CCPSA staff after the meeting.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you, Commissioner
Troncoso. We will now move into agency goals.
Our next order of business will be updates on the goals for the COPA Chief Administrator, and for

that I will pass it to Commissioner Loizon and Brown to give us an update on the goals.

COMMISSIONER LOIZON: Thanks. Good evening, everyone. We had a very productive meeting with Chief Administrator Andrea Kersten regarding her progress on goals a few weeks ago.

The first goal we set for 2024 is creating consistency and disciplinary recommendations.

COPA and CCPSA agreed that improving consistency and disciplining recommendations is critically important to improving public trust in the police disciplinary process.

In its Q1 update, COPA has shown progress in meeting the goals set in this area. Highlights include the following: COPA is on track to develop internal guidance and policy revisions to improve consistency in several areas, including disciplinary recommendations and use of deadly force analysis. They have begun the process of analyzing qualitative and quantitative data to assess the efficacy of their investigations, and they are on track to have

this analysis completed by quarter 4.

A robust training schedule has also been put together for staff to learn best practices and for the amendment issues, testifying, identifying witness credibility, and writing reports.

This will help improve the quality of investigations and overall timeliness.

The second goal is continued timeliness in closing cases.

COPA is on target to revise its timeliness benchmark policy for approval by the Consent Decree Monitoring Team by quarter 2. They are in the process of hiring a director of mediation to help create alternative resolutions for less severe complaints. They are also working with CPD to assess training -- I'm sorry. To access training records to better understand what types of training an officer has received. And they are creating clearer guidelines for all their operations outside of investigations, including communications and policy recommendations.

I will turn it over to Commissioner

Brown so that she can discuss the remaining three 1 goals. COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. The third goal is improving transparency and communication. 4 COPA continues to educate and 5 inform the community, including CPD members, 6 stakeholders, and youth about its work through 7 outreach and engagement. 8 COPA is currently holding its 9 People's Academy on the northwest side. 10 COPA is increasing capacity around 11 12 a trauma-informed approach to communications to complainant, victims, and impacted families, as 13 well as CPD members through collaboration with 14 NAMI-Chicago and other external stakeholders. 15 16 The fourth goal is youth 17 engagement. In order to engage and educate more youth about its work, COPA is working with the 18 City to hire summer interns and make regular 19 visits to high schools. 20 COPA will also be participating in 21 22 the Mikva Challenge this summer. The fifth and final goal is equity. 23 The aim of this goal is to identify patterns of 24

inequity that underlie cases of police misconduct and recommend policy changes. At the same time, focusing on internal equity and wellness goals is crucial to improving COPA's operations.

COPA has met its goal of hiring a senior equity officer. COPA is in the process of hiring a data scientist. The chief responsibility of this person will be to work with software that can help identify patterns and practices around police misconduct.

On April 4th, COPA provided CCPSA with a copy of the internal wellness plan that they created with NAMI-Chicago.

Again, I want to thank Andrea and her team. Through the end of the first quarter, COPA has made progress towards the completion of its 2024 goals.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you, Commissioners.

Now, I would like to ask Commissioners Loizon and

Troncoso to provide us with an update on Police

Board goals.

COMMISSIONER LOIZON: Thank you. We had a very productive meeting with President Cooper,
Vice President Wolff, and Executive Director

Caproni to discuss the 2024 goals.

It is important to mention that before we begin our update, that the recent rulings on arbitration have hindered progress toward completion of some of the goals.

The first goal we established is additional training of Police Board members. The Police Board has assessed its current training for members, and they will be scheduling training on procedural justice and the Consent Decree.

This training will take place when the new members of the Police Board are seated this summer.

The second goal was establishing greater consistency in decisions.

The Police Board hasn't issued any decisions in 2024 because of the court order on arbitration. However, this is an area they will be looking for ways to create greater consistency in collaboration with the new members.

Commissioner Troncoso will discuss the remaining three goals.

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: The third goal established is improved transparency. Greater

transparency is critically important to improving accountability.

I'd like to commend the Police

Board leadership on their efforts to keep the

community informed on the status of the

arbitration decisions and how they're proceeding.

To create greater transparency, the Chicago Police Board is making improvements to its website. It's also looking at ways to make changes to the rules through an open community process.

The fourth goal we decided on is standardization of procedures.

The Police Board president will continue to discuss with representatives of the Office of Public Safety Administration, the Chicago Police Department, and CCPSA ways to increase and standardize the information provided to the Board regarding applicant -- appeals by applicants for the position of police officer who have been removed from the eligibility list due to the results of a background investigation.

The fifth goal is improving community engagement. The Board staff works with

CAN-TV to publicize its monthly meeting. They're also getting the word out to aldermen and other stakeholders about the meetings.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you, Commissioners.

Commissioner Brown and I will now provide update
on the goals for the CPD Superintendent. And
we'll start with Commissioner Brown.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. President Driver and I had a productive first quarter meeting with Superintendent Snelling to discuss CPD's quarterly goal progress.

CPD demonstrated progress toward their goals in this quarter. However, we are looking forward to learning about continued progress throughout the year.

We are eager to receive the Superintendent's plans to revise the district strategic planning process and to be included in and updated on the workforce allocation study progress.

"Articulate a crime fighting strategy that is rooted in constitutional policing and supported by the community." This goal has four objectives

connected to that goal, and CPD was provided information -- provide -- CPD provided information in fulfillment of two of these objectives in quarter 1.

Objective 1.1 is about ensuring that all members of the Department have a strong foundation of constitutional policing to guide their work. This includes providing training in constitutional policing with a special focus on constitutional policing guidelines related to traffic stops and consent searches of vehicles.

In this first quarter, CPD shared their plans for training and provided training records to date on select trainings.

CPD reported that they have begun a year-long planning and preparation process to rule out scenario-based in-person training in 2025, specific to implementing constitutional traffic stops.

In addition, I will add, we were also given access to those training materials, and we're able to look them over and study them to some extent, which was very helpful.

Objective 1.2 is related to

reviewing and tightening the district-level problem-solving oriented policing plans. These plans are supposed to be completed in conjunction with the community and address both district and Citywide challenges.

In this first quarter, CPD shared all the districts' current strategic plans.

However, the Superintendent is reviewing and revising the current district strategic plan model to ensure the tool is meeting the needs of the community and aligning with best practices.

The Commission expects updates on the progress toward this deliverable in quarter 3, and districts should begin implementing the revised model in quarter 4.

CPD said that district strategic plans will be made with input from District Councils and community stakeholders. That deserves a cheer.

Objective 1.3 and 1.4 pertains to how CPD intends to improve homicide and violent crime clearance rates that, one, result in accountability for those who have perpetrated these crimes, rather than to simply close the

case; and, two, how CPD plans to collaborate with local and federal partners. We anticipate hearing about some of this. We did hear about this. We no longer anticipate. When Chief Ursitti provides her update -- when she provided her update in this meeting. Sorry about that. Tense matters.

The second goal CCPSA set for CPD in 2024 is, "All people in the City of Chicago know how to engage with the Department and know that every Chicago police officer is a community policing officer there to support them."

This goal has two objectives, and CPD provided information in fulfillment of one of these objectives in this quarter.

With Objective 2.1, CPD committed to evaluating the current state of all community policing efforts, capturing gaps, redundancies, and opportunities for improvement, and publishing the assessment in the fourth quarter of 2024.

The second objective included defining and supporting collaborative relationships between District Councils and CPD's district commanders. Both CPD and District

Council members provided feedback that add additional clarity about roles, responsibilities, and best practices that would be helpful given the newness of this endeavor.

In the first quarter, CPD released a draft general order spelling out the communication and partnership expectations for District Commanders with District Council members.

These two documents produced by CPD in support of this goal include, one, a policy to assist Department members to understand their duties and responsibilities in relation to the CCPSA; and, two, a resource guide. This resource guide provides links to Department resources and practical recommendations of how district commanders and District Council members can work together. The resource guide is meant to be a shared, living document, open to continued edits and improvements over time.

We should come up with a rap or something to do this.

The third goal CCPSA set for CPD in 2024 is "Provide quality investigations and

timely communication with victims and their families."

This goal has four objectives, all which center around improving investigations and support to victims.

The objectives include adding and training qualified staff, both civilian and sworn, strengthening the quality and timely support of victims' families by adding more personnel to victim support services, and improving physical and digital evidence collection.

We heard about all of those things tonight.

The Superintendent is required to report progress on all these objectives in the upcoming quarter. And the reason Chief Ursitti was here tonight was to discuss some of CPD's progress on these topics.

Now, Commissioner Driver is going to discuss the last three goals.

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Before I start reading off, I apologize to you for -- I started to laugh while you were talking. It's because we work

with our staff to draft all these notes before we get here, and Adam reviews everything. But this whole time you are furiously writing. Adam, what are you writing? These are your words. That's what I was thinking while we were talking. Adam was furiously taking notes on the notes that he drafted.

The fourth goal CCPSA set for CPD in 2024 is to "Improve member morale by building a comprehensive culture of wellness." Of the four objectives, quarter deliverables were expected for one objective and progress updates are provided for all objectives.

The first objective involves CPD partnering with City of Chicago's Department of Fleet & Facility Management, known as 2FM. This is a group that supports the operations of the City. Together they are developing a facility analysis and improvement plan for 2024.

monthly meetings to discuss ongoing facility improvement plans, and they have categorized the facility issues and have begun short-, medium-, and long-term planning.

Short-term includes 2FM's building engineer took a building assessment to log all issues and start work orders.

Medium term 2FM is working to harden department facilities which can include the installation of updated camera systems, access control, and bullet-resistant glass in the districts. The estimated completion timeline for this project is August of 2024, and we expect a report on that progress.

Long-term 2FM and the Department are starting to identify long-term capital improvements.

Objective 4.2 is about providing timely communication with the Department members about pre-planned, large-scale events that may require mandatory overtime.

The Department is preparing a 2024 summer event calendar to share with Department members.

The calendar will help members ensure that they have time to address childcare issues, family concerns, or other disruptions that might occur due to any expected changes in

work schedule.

Objective 4.3 centers on creating a discipline matrix that will involve participation of many stakeholders, including collective bargaining units, civilian oversight agencies, and community members.

The Department has not yet convened these stakeholders to begin conversations about the creation and implementation of a disciplinary matrix.

CPD provided Commissioners with updates on their wellness programs in their quarterly deliverables including: 2023 Officer Wellness Support Plan sets plans for overall wellness initiatives. An annual report to the Superintendent on officer wellness which summarized all the officer wellness initiatives undertaken from 2022 and 2023.

And the Independent Monitor, Office of Attorney General, monthly officer wellness report which provides an overview on current wellness programming and is produced for the Independent Monitoring Team and shared with the Commission coordinator.

The fifth goal of CCPSA set for CPD in 2024 is to "Provide quality leadership and build a leadership pipeline for the Department."

CPD provided materials demonstrating the leadership training development for sworn and non-sworn exempt-level members.

The Superintendent is committed to continuing to build and develop a leadership program to foster departmental leaders focused on impacting organizational culture. The Commission expects to receive the Superintendent leadership development program training plans by quarter 3 of 2024.

The sixth goal CCPSA set for CPD in 2024 is "Effectively and efficiently manage Department resources." And in recent quarterly goals meeting with the Superintendent, the Commission learned that CPD and the City have identified a WFA contractor and are working out the scope of the work.

The first objective under this goal is to undertake a comprehensive workforce allocation study.

The Commission recognizes that this

analysis will take time to execute and wants to be well informed about the planning and implementation of the workforce allocation study.

This goal objective included a commitment to providing opportunities for the Commissioners and District Council members to play a role as stakeholders and as channels for public oversight on the study's features, the study's progress, and the ultimate design of an allocation plan.

The Commission will continue to push CPD to publicize the mechanism and process for community to provide feedback on the workforce allocation study.

As part of Objective 6.2, the Superintendent committed to short-term objectives in support of the long-term workforce allocation study. The short-term objectives identified included identifying a workforce allocation partner, developing a workforce allocation implementation timeline, and publishing current organizational charts.

Reportedly, CPD has identified and is confirming a workforce allocation partner with

the City of Chicago, but the Commission has not yet seen any evidence of progress towards the short-term goals and will push CPD to publicize and produce them.

As part of effectively managing resources, CPD has emphasized civilianization and Objective 6.3 is related to civilian hiring. As part of CPD civilian hiring plan, they are committed to providing the Commission with an overview of the quarterly hiring progress.

In quarter one of 2024, CPD filled 16 civilian positions. CPD expects that number to continue to increase in the first half of Q2, as there are currently 41 positions slated to start between April 1 and 16. I'm sure that date is wrong.

CPD has made some progress on this goal but has many civilian vacancies to fill before the end of 2024 to meet their larger goals.

I want to thank Superintendent Snelling and his team. Through the end of the first quarter, CPD has made progress towards the completion of its 2024 goals.

We will move on to miscellaneous business.

Before that, are there any questions, comments, concerns on any of the three goals? So we'll move on to miscellaneous business.

As many of you may have heard, Mayor Johnson selected seven permanent Commissioners for CCPSA, and the City Council has approved six of the seven.

Committee for the enormous amount of work they put in to develop the first ever nomination process from scratch and work together to nominate an outstanding group of candidates for the Mayor's consideration, all while meeting their many obligations under the ordinance.

Comprised of an elected delegate from every District Council, the Nominating Committee's work represents the realization of the vision of the ordinance for a community-driven selection process for Commissioners, ensuring the permanent Commission's independence and legitimacy.

With the new Commission's

appointment taking effect on June 23rd, this will be the last meeting of the Interim Commission.

Commissioners will now have a few minutes to provide statements for their time served on the Interim Commission.

Anybody like to speak?

COMMISSIONER TRONCOSO: We always have to test these mics because you never know, if you've been to any of our meetings.

Being on this Commission has really been the experience of a lifetime, and I'm so thankful for it.

Over the past two years, we've seen a lot from being appointed eight months late with only one staff member hired out of about 20 budgeted, which was Adam, and not even having emails or business cards, to leading a historic search for a Superintendent, ending the gang database, having discussions about ShotSpotter, arbitration, seeing Commissioners and our friends and families, even ourselves, being victims of crime and much more.

Like any government agency, this

Commission could easily be a do-nothing body, but

what prevents that from happening is people that care. Staff that put in countless hours on nights and weekends for a job that definitely doesn't pay them overtime and the community keeping a watchful eye on us as well.

If there is one thing I've learned here is that making change doesn't mean you have to be a senator or CEO, it just takes ordinary people doing extraordinary things.

People that were bystanders being ticked off saying enough is enough to a system that isn't working and saying if no one else will do it, I will.

Still much of our work remains unfinished. In particular, our accountability for the way we treat victims. The way that, in my opinion, they're disrespected at every turn and left in the dark without enough communication or services.

This is a topic not nearly talked enough about, yet one that completely breaks people's trust in our system the second they experience a crime and try pushing through the bureaucratic process that follows afterwards.

Their experience is forgotten in our public safety dialogue.

I beg the next Commissioners to tackle this over their term and welcome the chance to still work with them once I'm off.

And, Remel and Anthony, I have your phone numbers. Thank you to our tireless staff, to the community that gave us the space to have a messy and honest dialogue and figure things out in front of their eyes, and to my fellow Commissioners who it has been an honor to work with.

While I'm leaving, I'm confident we're putting this Commission in a strong position and putting it in good hands, the hands of Chicagoans. Thank you.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Wow. You guys are not preachers. I got something all ready here.

What a wild ride this has been.

During my time on this Commission, I've worked with CPD goal setting, COPA goal setting, and with the Non-Citizens Advisory Committee. I feel passionate about all three. I've been a faith

community voice and a queer voice on this 1 Commission. I had hoped to continue the work, but I was not nominated, and so I am moving on to other things. 4 I want to say some thanks and offer 5 gratitude and then end with a call to action. 6 I want to thank Will Calloway for 7 showing me what persistence looks like. 8 to Lycrecia Bertz and the Community Renewal 9 Society for encouraging me to apply to be a 10 commissioner. Thanks even to former Mayor Lori 11 12 Lightfoot for appointing me, despite my refusal to sit on the Commission with one of the other 13 people nominated in the group of 14. 14 Adam Gross, you are the reason we 15 16 got stuff done and sometimes the reason it took a 17 little longer to do so. Thanks for forgiving me when I 18 screwed up. 19 To the rest of the staff, we could 20 not have done this without all of you, and I'm 21 22 grateful to each one of you.

Just remember to do as Adam says, not as he does, when it comes to working too

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much.

And to my fellow Commissioners, I would not have chosen anyone different than you to do this with for the past couple of years.

I value each one of you and respect you for who you are and what you are doing to make this City a better place for all.

We weren't perfect, but I can't believe how much we've accomplished, despite having full-time jobs and other big things.

I also owe deep gratitude to my congregation, Lincoln Park Presbyterian Church, for making it possible for me to do this work. They made many sacrifices and supported me through it all.

As I leave this Commission, I will refocus on my organizing work with a faith coalition across Chicago convened by Live Free Illinois, as we advocate for creating by ordinance a permanent office for gun violence prevention in Chicago that would have a guaranteed budget of \$100 million to begin. We believe this permanent office will address community violence reduction, victim services,

budgeting transparency, and like this Commission, a community oversight board.

Every time a new mayor comes into office, they spend time and money on violence reduction plans when what we really need is a permanent office to oversee it and be accountable for it across administrations.

If you want to work with me and the faith coalition on this ordinance, or if you want to be sure your alderperson supports it, please talk to me after the meeting tonight.

I hope our new Commissioners -- our new Commission will support this ordinance publicly and with the City Council.

The last thing I want to say to you, the community, is thank you for all of the support, for your public comments, for pushing us to do more and to do better. Keep it up. Push the next Commission really hard. I'm kidding. It takes all of us to create the healing we need so everyone in this City can thrive. Thank you.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

VICE PRESENT TERRY: Really quickly. I don't have much. I just wanted to echo the sentiments

of I would say I would not have done this with a different group with all of the challenges.

There's many of them that the community is not aware of. So I just appreciate the dedication that you all have, because many people on the other side have a lot of opinions, but they do not understand the level of commitment and level of passion and the amount of love that we have for the City of Chicago.

And so I just want to thank you all for this experience, and I look forward to continuing this work with Anthony and the new Commission.

And I would ask that you all stay close, because you know a lot that many people don't know, and so I hold you accountable to when you come here with your opinions, because you know what really goes down. So thank you, all.

COMMISSIONER LOIZON: I'm going do it fast.

Adam Gross held us together with spit and duct
tape for a really long time, and he deserves a
standing ovation right now, because no one works
harder.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

COMMISSIONER LOIZON: And I just want to say that this has been a total honor and privilege for me for many reasons, not the least of which serving with the people at this table right now, all the people who I see in the audience who come every single time. It's remarkable. And even though we don't always agree, there's no doubt in my mind that you are all amazing Chicagoans.

To all our law enforcement people, thank you for serving.

And the last thing I am going to say that I was introduced myself as a mom of four and the youngest of five kids. After this experience, I'm going to up my sibling count, because I did find a brother and a sister through this process in Remel and Anthony. We don't look alike, but our hearts are in the same place.

And, ultimately, as I wind up, I think I ended up where I started, which is joining this Commission believing that in the end, we all pretty much want the same thing. And I think that's true still after, you know, nearly two years doing this work.

So I commend all of you for

fighting for a better Chicago. And I hope we'll all continue to do it, one way or the other.

That's it. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER GOMEZ: I think the other

Commissioners are better speakers than I am, and

I agree with everything you all have said, so I

won't repeat it.

I would like to thank especially the District Counselors. I think this has been a huge experiment.

And, yeah, you guys all deserve an incredible amount of gratitude and a big applause and big hug. I know the work that you all do is just as hard as ours.

Obviously, I want to thank the Department, all the support staff from COPA, all the amazing leaders we have at the Police Board. I think this is all about making sure that we continue the work we've been doing. But there's still a lot of work to be done. I know that everyone here is committed to doing that. I'm committed to continuing in whatever capacity I can. And it fills me with great hope to know there are a lot of people that are angry at us,

because I believe that was the purpose of this Commission, to continue, despite who is here. Αt the end of the day, it's about the community. hope that has -- people have said the Commission is held to a great -- to a great level of accountability in the same way that we want to hold all of the agencies that we oversee to that level of accountability.

So thank you for the grace, for the knowledge, and for showing me how humbling it is to be a public servant.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: So I would just want to start by saying thank you all for trusting me. This has been an extreme honor for me to be able to serve in this capacity in a City that I was born and raised in and love.

Also, thank you to y'all's family, because I don't think a lot of people realize that, my personal opinion, our ordinance is a little broken in the sense that it's almost really impossible to do this job effectively and work a full-time job.

Every single one of us has a

full-time job or are in school that is taking the 1 majority of our time. So when we're doing this 2 stuff, it's really going late into the night, or, you know, using personal PTO and taking time away 4 from families. It is essentially having two 5 6 jobs. And there are folks who, you know, are doing 20, 30 hours a week on top of other 7 obligations that they have. So I just really 8 appreciate you all. 9 We have seen four superintendents 10 in this time. We've seen a loss of transition in 11 12 the last 19 months. But I do believe that things are trending upwards and things are getting 13 better. 14 So I would like to say, one, thank 15 16 you for trusting me, and, two, thank you for all 17 of the work you put in. It doesn't seem a good-bye for me, 18 because I know I'll still talk to you like every 19 week. So I appreciate you all. 20 I guess -- anybody else have 21 22 anything you want to say? You want to talk,

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR GROSS: Thanks. I need a

Adam?

moment to rebut everything that was just said.

I'm here with certificates of appreciation from Mayor Johnson to all the members of the Commission who are wrapping up what I think is an extraordinary amount of work under very trying circumstances.

Almost two years ago, these seven
Commissioners took on a huge responsibility,
which was to create a whole new part of
government that is designed to make policing and
public safety more democratic and more effective.
And there are a million ways that that whole
process shouldn't work, and it sometimes felt
like there were a million ways every week that
the whole thing might just collapse, and so far
it hasn't, and that is entirely because of the
work of these seven Commissioners.

When they started, as you've heard, they had basically no staff, which meant that to a very great extent, they were acting as both Commissioner and staff keeping this thing afloat.

I know in a lot of conversations with Commissioners and District Council members, and hear this thing again and again where people

talk about this work as building a plane and flying it at the same time.

And I want to be super clear about this point. Building a plane and flying it at the same time is a really bad idea. And if anyone ever asks you to fly a plane while it's being built, you should say no.

But these seven people said yes, and they said yes, even though this isn't a plane that's been built before. So there's not much of an instruction manual. And they knew that there would be a lot of turbulence, and they knew that there wasn't really a runway for taking off or for landing, because that's being built, too.

And despite all of that, over the last nearly two years, they just a couple of months into this process were faced with the task of running a national search for a new police superintendent, and they did that having only worked together for a few months, and taking that on with very little staff and ran a process that engaged literally thousands of people in the selection of a new superintendent, which was an entirely unprecedented thing in the history of

Chicago.

They changed policy on the way we collect data about gang affiliations and about how the Police Department will deal with police officers who associate with racists or extremist groups.

There's clearly still work to do on all of those things. But from a policy perspective, they made giant size progress, and on both of those things again did it engaging thousands of people across the City, setting Police Department policy in a way that it has never been set before, changing the composition of the -- of the Police Board and the list goes on.

So it was an extraordinary undertaking with extraordinary challenges.

I thank you all for allowing us into the work, and I'm eternally grateful for all of you for somehow getting this thing into the air and keeping us from crashing so far. Thank you.

(AUDIENCE APPLAUSE.)

PRESIDENT DRIVER: Thank you, Adam.

The Commission's next regular

meeting will be Thursday, June 27th, 2024, 6:30 p.m. at St. Sabina, which is located at 1210 West 78th Place. Follow all Commission's social media sites. There being no further business before the Commission, this meeting is now adjourned. (WHEREUPON, the proceedings were adjourned at 8:15 p.m.)

STATE OF ILLINOIS) SS: COUNTY OF C O O K) MAUREEN A. WOODMAN, C.S.R., being first duly sworn, says that she is a court reporter doing business in the City of Chicago; that she reported in shorthand the proceedings had at the hearing of said cause; that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of her shorthand notes, so taken as aforesaid, and contains all the proceedings of said hearing. MAUREEN A. WOODMAN, CSR License No. 084.002740